MRS, EDDY'S FRIENDS PLAINLY SAW THE RIOTERS RESENTED BY DIPLOMATS LOCAL GAS STOCK ACTIVITY CAPT. E. J. PATTEEDEAD BAD FOR DEMOCRATS

Their Side of the Case Is Heard Today.

ACCEPTANCE OF TRUST

Court Asks if It Was Accepted With Full Knowledge.

WHEN TRUST DEED WAS MADE

It Is Alleged That Mrs. Eddy's Trustees Have Determined the Case in Advance.

CONCORD, N. H., May 24.-The Merrimack county superior court room here was filled with an interested crowd long before the second day's session in the first legal battle over the suit in equity brought by "next friends" for an accounting of the property of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the

Gen. Frank S. Streeter, counsel for the three trustees to whom Mrs. Eddy made over her property after the suit was entered, yesterday completed his argument in favor of a motion of the trustees that they be substituted for "next friends" as plaintiffs in the suit, and today's proceedings were devoted to the presentation of the side of the so-called "next friends." who oppose the motion of the trustees. De Witt C. Howe was prepared to open the case for his clients, and it was expected that he would be followed by former United States Senator William E. Chandler, senior counsel for the "next friends."

Gen. Streeter to Make Close The closing argument for the trustees

will be made by Gen. Streeter, but it was thought today that Messrs. Howe and Chandler would not finish in time for Gen. Streeter to make his concluding argumen

Howe's Argument Delayed.

The opening of Mr. Howe's argument was delayed by Judge Chamberlain, who wished to ask Gen. Streeter a question with reference to the bill filed by the plaintiffs in the original suit, supplemental to the motion of counsel that the trustees named by Mrs. Eddy be made plaintiffs in the original suit. The supplementary motion asks that the trustees be made defendants instead of plaintiffs, saying that the defendants "pro-cured and induced" Mary Baker G. Eady to execute the trust deed, she being, as al-leged, in a condition of mind which made her incapable of executing such a deed.

Judge Chamberlain asked Gen. Streeter if the trustees accepted their trust with full knowledge of the conditions and proceedings up to the time the trust deed was executed

Determined Case in Advance.

He summarized the affidavits of his clients, making from them the points that Mrs. Eddy's trustees have determined this case in advance; that Mrs. Eddy's son, trusts disappeared.
Mr. Howe said that Mr. Streeter had taken up all possible questions except the one directly at issue, arguing a demurrer and motion to dismiss.

Action Is Questioned.

"The question of the benefit of this trust deed to Mrs. Eddy has not been elucidated by Mr. Streeter," said Mr. Howe, "though there are many questions relating to it and bearing upon it. As a matter of fact the giving of this trust deed after the suit of Eddy against Frye (the original action of the next friends) had been begun was not only of no legal effect, but highly improper. The defendants in Eddy against Frye nat-urally prefer to have the trustees rather than the next friends as plaintiffs. They choose, of course, a sham battle in prefer-

WEATHER IS FREAKISH

FORECASTER PREDICTS DIS-AGREEABLE CONDITIONS.

Freak weather and furnace and fireplace temperatures continue to be features of the present month. The coal and wood dealers are said to be happy, while the dealers in straw hats, gauze garments, fans, ice cream, fizzling arctic soda and other warm weather accessories are believed to be correspondingly unhappy. An old colored man in South Washington, who is nearly dou-bled over with the "rheumaticks," as he terms his allment, described the present conditions as "Come and go weather." His explanation of the term was: 'Yer doan't kno' what's er comin', nor

what's gwine ter happen termorrow. When Prof. Edward B. Garriott, one of the official forecasters of the weather bureau, was asked this afternoon regarding the outlook, he replied that Washington and vicinity will be afflicted with "rather dise weather for the next two or three days." He added that there will not be any clearing up during that period, and that showers are liable to occur almost any

"There will not be much change in the temperature, and as yet there is no warm weather in sight," the forecaster remarked. Rainy conditions are reported from all parts of the country, and May will be re-corded on the annals of the weather service as an unusually cool month.

FORMER U. S. SENATOR DEAD.

John Patton of Grand Rapids Was

Prominent Republican. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 24 .- John Patton, ex-United States Senator and a reublican leader in this state of recognized ability, died at his home here today after a lingering illness following an attack of pneumonia early in the winter. He re-turned last Thursday from Aiken, S. C., where he had journeyed in search of health. He is survided by a widow and three sons. John Patton was born in Curwensville, Pa. October 30, 1850. He came to Grand Rapids in 1878, after having graduated from Yale College in the class of 1875 and taken a course in the Columbia Law School. He entered upon the practice of law here.

Mr. Patton was appointed United States
senator from Michigan in 1894 to fill the
vacancy caused by the death of Senator
Stockbridge. He served one year in the

Black Hand Kills Himself.

Special Dispatch to The Star. NEW YORK, May 24 .- Rocco Panagiro, one of three Black Hand men on trial in the supreme court for the murder of Gaetano Costa on the night of October 11, 1906, hanged himself early this morning in his cell at the Kings county jall. Dangling from the cell door, his body was discovered at 5 o'clock by John Johnson, one of the guards. An ambulance, with Dr. McLean from the Brooklyn Hospital, was Imme-diately summoned, but the physician pro-nounced Panagiro dead. Death had come for the buckle of his belt, which hard against the front of the

throat, had cut into the windpipe,
After the ordeal of the trial yesterday. with the damaging testimony of Antonio Nobilio, who first confessed to a clergy-man and later to the police, and who was present when the murder was committed. Panagiro returned to his cell last night

WITNESS DECLARES THEY WERE COLORED SOLDIERS.

Positive Testimony Given by Ambrose Littlefield Regarding the Shooting-Up of Brownsville, Texas.

Mayor Combe of Brownsville and Ambrose Littlefield, who witnessed the shooting-up of that town August 13, were before the Senate committee on military affairs at the Capitol today. Mayor Combe produced a letter he had received from Mai. Penrose of the 25th Infantry stating that Voschel lied when he testified that Mayor Combe visited the barracks to complain against alleged action of the soldiers in attacking a lady in that town, and said: "If there is not an arrest made between 6 and 11 o'clock every enlisted man seen in the streets will be shot." Maj. Penrose in his letter declares that Voschel did not pass near enough to them to have heard such a remark if it had been made; that no such remark was made by Mayor Combe. and that Voschel was simply a liar and should be brought to justice. This letter was entered upon the records of the com-

Mayor Combe was questioned at considerable length by Senator Foraker concern-ing the nature of the wound in the body of Frank Natus. Mayor Combe testified that in his opinion this wound was made by a high-power bullet and that it would have appeared differently had the bullet killing Natus been fired from a gun using black

Drinking by the Soldiers.

When Senator Foraker asked him whether he knew that the colored soldiers had been denied the right to drink at the same bars with the white people in Browns ville saloons he replied that he had heard report to that effect, but that the barkeepers treated these soldiers kindly and tood them it would ruin their business to allow them to drink at the bar but that they would provide separate bars for them. He did not agree that the colored soldiers were always orderly, but said that about pay day they had created a good deal of disorder in the part of town they frequented. However, he would not say that they drank more than the white soldiers. Senator Bulkeley asked some questions in regard to the identification made by Mayor combe of the shells he had picked up, and that had been handed to him by citizens, and which he had turned over to the mill tary authorities, and again had brought to his attention when they were offered in evidence in the Penrose court-martial. Senator Warner interposed, saying: "Is there any question about the shells sent here by the President of the United States and the Secretary of War being the shells that were actually picked up in Browns

"I know of no reason to question that," replied Senator Foraker. Senator Bulkley insisted that he was merely asking whether the witness could identify the shells he turned over to the authorities as the shells that were later submitted in the trial.

The same shells have since come before the committee, being sent to them from the

Recognized Colored Soldiers.

Ambrose Littlefield was then called to the stand. The testimony brought out the fact that his appointment as deputy sheriff was made after the shooting up of Brownsville. He told of his observations on the night of August 13, when he was awakened by the

George W. Glover, in taking his action in her behalf as a next friend was moved by true consideration and real affection for her; that trusts like the one Mrs. Eddy recently made have been made by her in the miller alley. He testified that about one square from the Tillman saloon he saw the flash of a shot. He recognized the reports as from high-power rifles. The men firing these shots moved down the alley and up the past to meet certain exigencies, and that when these exigencies disappeared the that he had no intention of overtaking them. He recognized one of them about 130 feet away and when they passed near a lamp light as United States soldiers, and one of the men who turned his face in his direction so that the light shown upon his face he saw was a colored man. He was very positive as to this identification.

Not the President's Son-in-Law. Mayor Frederick J. Combe of Browns ille continued on the stand yesterday afternoon until the adjournment of the Senate committee on military affairs. Mayor Combe of Brownsville, Texas, was

cross-examined by Senator Foraker at great length yesterday afternoon. The senator was particularly interested in a report that citizens of Brownsville had raised \$10,000 to be offered as a reward for information leading to a discovery of the persons who did the shooting.

"There was no truth in that report," said Mayor Combe. "It was started by an Obio man."

Ohio man."
Senator Foraker joined in the laughter which greeted the remark, and asked the name of the man. "I think it was Longworth, senator," reolled the witness.

"His first name doesn't happen to be Nicholas, does it?" inquired Senator For-"I don't remember," said the mayor. "Well, of course, you don't mean the President's son-in-law?" asked the senator. The mayor hastened to assure the committee that it was not the Ohio represent-

the conversation was expunged from the

ALLEGHENY BANKER'S TRIAL Former Teller Harvey Charged With

Failure of Bank.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 24.-The trial of Thomas A. Harvey, former teller of the enterprise National Bank of Allegheny, charged with making false entries in the books of the bank to the amount of \$520,-000, was resumed today before Judge Nathaniel Ewing in the United States district court. The prosecution hopes to conclude its side of the case before adjournment and it is expected the defense will conclude tomorrow. The books of the Merchants and Manufacturers' National Bank, for which search had been made, were found in the vault of the Bank of Pittsburg, and were

n court. George S. Wright, auditor of the Bank of Pittsburg, N. A., was called and explained that the books had been misplaced and not lost, as was at first supposed. The witness said the books of the Bank of Pittsburg showed no credit to the Enterprise National

showed no credit to the Enterprise National Bank of \$41,891 on June 28, 1905.

James A. Anderson of the Bank of Pittsburg and formerly of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Bank, identified the books of the latter bank. He said the books showed no credit to the Enterprise Bank of \$25,000 on June 10, 1903, and that under date of September 20, 1903, there was no charge to the Enterprise Bank of \$11,553.

These last two items are among the alleged false entries made by Harvey.

TEMPERANCE REPORT ADOPTED. Kansas City Selected as Next Place for Assembly.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 24.-At the ses sion of the Presbyterian general assembly today. Kansas City, Mo., was unanimously selected as the place for the next meeting. The report of the standing committee on temperance was accepted without acrimo nious debate. Announcement is made that the assembly will probably adjourn today or tomorrow evening.

Wants Dog Tax Increased. In a communication to the Commiss protesting against the great number of dogs that roam the streets of Washington, many of which she claimed are vicious and incorrigible. Miss Edna A. Dulin of 2220 13th street northwest made an appeal to have

DENY THAT THEY PURPOSELY VIOLATE SPEED REGULATIONS.

Italian Ambassader Mortified at the New and Enlarged Capitalisation of Treatment Accorded Him at Glen Echo.

Baron Des Planches, the Italian ambassa for, and dean of the diplomatic corps, had an interview with Secretary Root at the State Department yesterday afternoon in regard to the status of certain business between the governments of the United States and Italy, and in the course of the conversation took occasion to say that so far as he was aware, the chauffeur of his automobile was not exceeding the legal speed limits when held up by the town marshal of Glen Echo last week.

The ambassador made no formal complaint against the marshal, but admitted that he was somewhat chagrined at being held up as a violator of the law and at the subsequent newspaper criticism based on the erroneous assumption that he had willfully violated the law and then claimed mmunity. As a matter of fact he had no intention of violating the law and was personally of the opinion that he had not

Resented by Diplomats.

It is understood that the members of the diplomatic corps generally resent the imputation that they purposely exceed the speed limits at Glen Echo and elsewhere, and rely upon their official

positions to protect them from the consequences. They desire it understood that they always respect the laws and customs of the country to which they are accredited, and never invoke their diplomatic privileges unless it is absolute ly necessary to protect the honor and dig nity of their government. It so happened that when the Italian ambassador was held that when the Italian ambassador was held up as a lawbreaker by the marshal of Glen Echo he had as his guest the Duke of Abruzzi, cousin of the King of Italy, and was mortified at being catechized and treated as a malefactor when he was not cognizant of having done anything out of

the way.

The Secretary of State expressed his per-The Secretary of State expressed his personal regret at the incident, and, it is understood, said he would dook into the matter and see if there was any way by which the officials at Glen Echo could be induced to respect the rights of foreign representatives desiring to make use of the Conduit road into Maryland.

No Way to Intervene.

So far as can be ascertained this after the officials of the federal governnoon ment do not see how they can ask the Glen Echo authorities to relax their vigilance against speed violators in the case of the diplomatic officers unless some plan is devised by which automobiles used by the latter are plainly labeled, so as to show the identity of the occupants. The town marshal at Glen Echo has not actually arrested a single diplomat for violating the speed law, but has stopped several of them and cautioned them against speeding their

Mayor Garrett's Declaration.

In a communication to Capt. Spencer Cosby of the War Department, who has, it is understood, supervision over the Conduit road, Mayor John A. Garrett of Glen Echo intimates that if the War Department refuses to grant to the Glen Echo town council permission to connect one of the streets of Gien Echo with the Conduit road the matter fill be taken to the President. if necessary. Among other things, the letter, which is in reply to a recent commu-nication from Capt. Cosby. says:

"You are correct in saying that a num-per of arrests have been made for exceedber of arrests have been made for exceed-ing the speed limits of Glen Echo, and it is made if persons owning automobiles contipue to violate the laws of the town, county and state. If I am correctly informed, some of those arrested are your close per-sonal friends who have sought your aid to break up these arrests through your authority over this road.

"In answer to your question as to whether it is the intention to use the money collected from the automobilists for the improvement of the Condult road, I reply in the negative. We know our rights over this strip of land, and no attempt will be made by us to exercise any but criminal jurisdiction. jurisdiction.
"You ask information as to what method

has been adopted by the Gien Echo authorities to inform the public and the United States authorities of the speed regulations adopted. To this I answer that the public press has within the last year devoted much space to this subject; the road has been posted by the Washington Automobile Club, and by the War Department, and the War Department officials are familiar with the laws, as it is a matter of record in the

Battleship Maine at Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, May 24.-The battlehip Maine arrived at the League Island navy yard today from New York to undergo slight repairs. The battleships Georgia and Kansas are also at the navy yard. The Georgia is undergoing repairs and the Kansas, which was recently placed in com-mission, is being fitted out for active serv-

Some of the Bodies Found. CHICAGO, May 24.—The bodies of Frank Statu and Andrew Staneslau were found oday in Armour's beef-killing plant, where four men were killed last night by an explosian of ammonia. It was believed until today that five men had been killed out-right, but one of those supposed to be dead was found uninjured today. The total number of deaths is now known to be six.

IN THE POLICE COURT.

New Schedule to Be Inaugurated Next Tuesday.

On account of the increasing business in the District branch of the Police Court, a new schedule for the sessions of the court will be adopted next week, which it is exected will relieve the congestion in that ranch. The change was announced by Judge Kimball today.

The District branch of the court will convene, beginning next Tuesday at 9 o'clock, one-half hour earlier than at present, and the usual routine cases will be heard until 10 o'clock. All the current cases then remaining to be tried will be turned over to Judge Mullowny, and he will consider them as soon as he finishes the current business in the United States branch of the

court.

Judge Kimball, sitting in the District branch of the court, at 10 o'clock, will take up jury trials and that will occupy the attention of the court until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the usual hour for adjournment. The jury trials are growing in number in the District branch of the court, it is declared, and it is for the purpose of meeting the increase that the new schedule was adopted. At present the District branch completes all current business before beginning the accumulated jury trials. It often happens that jury cases are not reached until 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

Fell From Second-Story Window. While cleaning a window at 823 15th street this morning, Jeremiah Wills, colored, twenty-two years of age, fell from the second story to the ground, sustaining fractures of his ankie and wrist and cuts about his head. He was taken to the Emergency Hospital and given surgical treatment.

Canal Boatman Injured. Clement H. Martin, colored, fifty-two years of age, who is employed as a boatnan on the Chesapeake and Ohio canal met with a painful accident this morning the tax on dogs increased from \$2 a year to \$5, with a view to diminish the number of dogs and to detract from the popularity of keeping dogs. She contends that no one should be permitted to keep a dog unless there is a rear yard to his or her residence. The matter has been taken under advisement by the Computationers.

STREET GOSSIP AS TO THE MOVE MENT TODAY.

the Company Is Alleged to Be Under Consideration.

A new twist was given to the gas situa tion at the meeting of the Washington stock exchange today. At that time one of the brokers who in the subsequent proceedings figured as the principal buyer of the stock offered both classes of the bond issues of the company at lower levels than has heretofore been reached. The Gas certificates paying 6 per cent interest he sold at 102% and at 102, and then 102% was bid and 103 was asked. Yesterday the asking price of these bonds was 108. There were no further transactions. In the case of the 4 per cent bonds the bid fell from 98, which was recorded yesterday, to 95, and in place of the asking price of 99% was 97. He did not, however, succeed in finding any purchasers even at those figures, and at the close the bid was 96 and the asking While the amount of trading in these se

while the amount of trading in these securities was of little account, the mere fact that an effort was made to dispose of them at such prices attracted attention. It is not clearly known why these lower levels have been reached in the case of the bond issues of the gas company, which up to this time have ranked as among the best in that class listed on the stock exchange.

One of the conjectures is that they are One of the conjectures is that they are included in what is believed in some quarters to be the plan under contemplation, and that they will be called in and paid off at par. Such a feature, of course, embraces—as has been rumored all along—the more comprehensive scheme of a large stock issue of the company which will take the place, not only of the present stock, but also of the bonds.

Gossip and Rumor. There is no certainty in the current gos sip of the street as to exactly what is pro posed to be done. As far as the rumors have crystallized, it may be said that it is now generally thought an effort will be made on the part of the company to avail itself of a law of Songress which was passed some eleven years ago. Under the provisions of this law, the company is re-quired to submit to the Supreme Court of the District a complete statement of its resources and on that basis the court is authorized to grant such an issue of stock as it may seem the financial condition of

the company warrants.

In fact, this rumor has taken such a positive form that the statement is heard that such an application has been made to the court in the case of the Georgetown Gas Company, and then if that is granted a similar application will be made on behalf of the Washington Gas Company. One of the brokers discussing this phase of the matter put the situation in a different way by saying that he supposed that they were going to try the experiment first off the pup before it is attempted on the dog. No petition of this sort has as yet been filed in the clerk's office of the court.

All the Stock Taken he company warrants.

All the Stock Taken. The same broker, who proved to be practically the only buyer in the market for the stock of the company, created a good deal of interest by sweeping off of the floor in one-hundred-share lots all the stock that was offered, and paying at the highest a point and a quarter over the asking price

at the close of business yesterday.

At that time the stock was offered at 63%, and today when at the outset of the trading a hundred-share lot was offered at trading a hundred-share lot was offered at 63 it was snapped up by a broker who has not been in the movement except as a seller. Then the principal buyer of this stock for the day—for it is said a new broker appears almost every day as the principal in the main buying which has been going on in this security—took a hand and bought all the stock that was offered. aggregating some six hundred shares, on a range of from 64 to 65.

He stopped, and explaining he thought he had paid too high prices he refused to test

the question of how much more stock was to be had on the higher levels, and brought his bid down to lower figures. Over a hundred shares were then traded in, other brokers taking part. Most of the stock went at 64%. At the close the bid was 64%, and the asking price 64%. Yesterday at the close the bid was 63 and the asking price 63%.

TESTIMONY TECHNICAL.

Inquiry on Oil Rates Resumed by Interstate Commission.

Further consideration of rates on pe roleum and its products, particularly the territory of the Central Freight Assoclation, was given today by the interstate commerce commission in its hearing of the omplaint of the National Petroleum Association against the carriers in the middle

Several expert rate men of the railroads were put on the stand to explain how the rates were made and how they applied to the various classes of freight. All of them testified that no preferential treatment was accorded by the railroads to the Standard Oil Company as against independent producers of oil. The rates to all shippers were uniform, they explained, on both carload and less-than-carload shipments. The testimony was purely technical in its character.

DB. EGAN ACCEPTS OFFER.

Catholic University Professor Will Be Minister to Denmark.

Dr. Maurice F. Egan has accepted the post of minister to Denmark offered to him by President Roosevelt, as indicated in The Star recently. The date on which he will enter upon his duties will be determined by the State Department. Dr. Egan is a member of the faculty of the Catholic Uni-versity in this city.

NO CONCLUSION BEACHED.

Commissioner Knapp Denies Report Begarding Harriman's Case. report was published this morning to

the effect that Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the interstate commerce who had an interview with Presiden Roosevelt yesterday afternoon, informed the President that the investigation by the ssion into the methods of the Harriman lines had practically acquitted Harrinan. When his attention was called to the report Commissioner Knapp said:

"The statement is absolutely without foundation or excuse. The commission has taken no action, reached no conclusion and not even discussed the Harriman case of late. No report is likely to be made for some time."

Horses Vehicles.

If you are interested in any of the things mentioned below read the Horse and Vehicle column on Page 19.

An advertisement in the Horse and Vehicle column of THE STAR for 3 days costs but I cent a word each

EXPIRES SUDDENLY OF ACUTE HEART FAILURE.

NORFOLK, Va., May 24.-Capt. M. Pattee, aged sixty-five years, of 135 11th street southeast, Washington, D. C., died suddenly today from acute heart failure while seated on a bench on the deepwater pier near the Jamestown exposition grounds. The deceased was a clerk in the United States life saving service of the Treasury Department. He was well-dressed and had considerable money on him. The body goes to Washington tonight.

Inquiry at the office of the life saving service this afternoon elicited the information that Capt. Pattee went to Jamestown Monday evening, being one of a number of members of Trinity Council of the Order of the Golden Cross. He expected to return to Washington today. He is survived by his wife, two daughters and one son, Misses Gertrude and Ethel Pattee of this city and Herbert H. Pattee, a New York inventor. He was a member of the Golden Cross

Burnside Post, No. 8, G. A. R.; Treasury Chapter of the National Union and the Ma-sonic fraternity. During the civil war he was a member of the 15th Maine Volunteers, and shortly after enlisting was made a second lieutenant, subsequently a first lieutenant and later advanced to the rank of captain. He was appointed to a posi-tion in the Treasury Department Novem-ber 29, 1864, and has been promoted several times, being in the \$1,800 class at the time of his death.

OUTLOOK FOR PEACE

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN EM PLOYERS AND ALLIED TRADES.

The statement was made today by representatives of both the Employers' Association and the Allied Building Trades that the outlook is good for a peaceful settlement of the existing difficulties between the two ents. Such favorable condition is said to have resulted from a four hours' conference last evening between the employers' executive committee and that of the building mechanics. The "peace meeting," as it has been termed, was held at 1331 G street, and both sides of the controversy were well

It was further stated that the mechanics, as well as the employers, were anxious to reach a fair adjustment of the troubles which have resulted in much uneasiness in building circles. Suggestions were advanced as to the best way to arrive at a peacefu solution of the matter, and a committee was appointed by the employers and workmen to draft propositions looking to a final settlement of the differences.

It is understood the committee will meet this evening and prepare a report to be submitted to another joint meeting of the two sides to be held tomorrow evening, when, it is believed, a conclusion will be reached.

To Bring About Resumption. Representatives of the journeyman plumbers expressed themselves today as willing to take any steps, fair to both the master plumbers and the journeymen to bring about a full resumption of building operations. But, they explained, the award of the arbitration board must be carried into effect by the master plumbers as well

as by the mechanics.

The failure of the Bricklayers' Union at its meeting last evening to rescind the action of the special meeting allowing its members to return to work on the buildings on which strikes had been ordered is regarded as an omen favorable to an adjustment of the present difficulties in the building trades.

WILL HAVE GOOD EFFECT. Beneficient, Result of American Aid to

Chinese Sufferers. Sir Chentung Liang-Chang, the Chinese minister to the United States, commenting today on the effect of the pecuniary assistance to famine sufferers in certain Chinese provinces, said that while he rejoiced that the necessity for further aid had passed. at the same time he believed the generosity exhibited by this country would be amply repaid by the entire elimination of any further irritation between the two coun

The reported hostility toward the United States and things American, the minister said, was entertained only by a certain fault-finding class in China. This sentiment, he said, has never been entertained by the Chinese government or the better class of Chinese citizens. In China the primitive condition of the public press, the minister added, has tended to give importance to the hostile sentiment, and he believes the reaction based on American generosity. the reaction based on American generosity in relieving hunger will also tend to teach the Chinese newspaper readers a lesson in discerning authentic news from unfounded reports.

BUILDING COMMITTEE.

Chairman Bell of Chamber of Commerce Announces Names of Members. Mr. Charles J. Bell today announced the members of the building committee of the Chamber of Commerce, as appointed by him as chairman of the committee. The

Milton E. Ailes, Allen D. Albert, jr., R.

list is as follows:

P. Andrews, J. T. Arms, Scott Bone, Charles J. Bell, B. F. Barnes, Conrad Becker, Worthington W. Bowie, Chapin Brown, D. J. Callahan, Robert Callahan, Brown, D. J. Callahan, Robert Callahan, W. G. Carter, C. W. Corby, R. A. Chester, R. E. Claughton, John D. Carmody, P. B. Chase, E. H. Droop, H. B. Davidson, E. H. Daniel, G. A. Drury, Geerge T. Dunlop, H. R. Dulaney, T. C. Dulin, John Joy Edson, B. B. Earnshaw, Frank Finley, C. M. Fulton, Daniel Fraser, Ralph Galt, E. C. Graham, R. H. Goldsborough, W. T. Galliher, Norman Galt, Benjamin S. Graves, William F. Gude, B. W. Guy, Alex. Hecht, W. S. Hoge, William B. Hibbs, R. N. Harper, Thomas L. Hume, S. B. Hege, Hugh F. Harvey, Chr. Heurich, George P. Killian, Sigmond Kann, D. J. Kaufman, W. S. Knox, Monroe Luchs, A. Lisner, A. M. Lothrop, C. H. Livingstone, William Loeb, jr., W. P. Lipscomb, Charles Linkins, F. P. May, Arthur Moses, W. H. Moses, F. P. Milburn, E. A. Mosely, J. H. Magruder, John Magreger, O. P. Metzerott, T. C. Noyes, Clarence F. Norment, John Newbold, G. M. Oyster, jr., A. K. Parris, Dr. R. A. Pyles, John D. Prosser, J. H. Ralston, Samuel Ross, A. E. Randle, Thomas R. Reilly, C. H. Rudolph, Joseph Richardson, B. F. Saul, Thomas Somerville, F. L. Siddons, Odell S. Smith, Charles W. Semmes, W. H. Sanders, J. I. Saks, F. L. Stevens, Emil G. Shafer, A. Leftwich Sinclair, W. E. Spear, Joseph Strarburger, James A. Sample, F. T. Sanner, T. W. Smith, Corcoran Thom, B. H. Warner, Harry Wardman, Simon Wolf, John L. Weaver, M. I. Weller. W. G. Carter, C. W. Corby, R. A. Chester

VIEWING UNION TERMINAL.

Officials of Pennsylvania Railroad Company Visit Washington. President Samuel McCrea, with a numb of other officials of the Pennsylvania railroad, arrived in this city at 8 o'clock this morning for the purpose of making a thor-ough inspection of the tracks, the tunnel and the terminal station. The party left Philadelphia last night about 12:30 o'clock should a special train of four cars and araboard a special train of four cars and arrived in this city early this morning. At 8 o'clock the special was run over the new tracks from the Potomac yards through the new cut off 1st street southeast into the new tunnel. The train proceeded through to the union station, where some time was spent by the officials in inspecting the work there.

The party returned through the tunnel and proceeded to the Pennsylvania station at 6th and B streets northwest, where dinner was served. At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the train left for Philadelphia with the party aboard.

Downtown Temperature. The temperature recorded today by Feast

Gloomy Indeed is the Outlook in Maryland.

MANY BOOMS AND BOOMLETS

Comment Because the Constitutional Amendment Was Not Discussed.

GOV. BROWN WILL NOT RUN

He Declares He Will Not Be a Candidate for Governor Under Any

Circumstances.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 24.-Politicians here today are discussing the fact that at no time during the democratic state central committee meeting yesterday was the constitutional amendment question discussed In view of the fact that this issue was made paramount in the last state campaign it is regarded as somewhat remarkable that not a leader of consequence, or in fact the smaller fry, even referred to the amendment casually. It had been expected that Chairman Vandiver would make some remarks on the subject, and the politicians say that if the amendment is to be made a feature of the fall campaign it would have been perfectly proper for Chairman Vandiver to sound the slogan.

Various reasons are given to account for Vandiver's failure to mention the amendnent. One is that the big leaders are mighty fearful of the coming campaign; that the democrats are known to be very much at sea over a gubernatorial candi-date, and that not one boom of consequence

Talk of John Walker Smith.

There was talk of John Walter Smith, ut the organization would not rally around him; Col. Spencer C. Jones of Montgomery ounty is not really considered seriously in onnection with the nomination, because he is not in control of affairs in his home county, and there seems not even a remote ossibility that he can secure the indorsement of Montgomery. so long as Senator Blair Lee and E. C. Peter are in the sad-

Some of the Frederick county politicians whooped it up for Joseph D. Baker, but among the followers of the late Gen. Baughman there is a sentiment against Mr. Baker. There is, on the other hand, a strong sen-

there is, on the other hand, a strong sentiment for him in the county, in western Maryland and in other sections of the state, where he is known and where his sterling qualities are appreciated, but it is agreed that the friends of the late Frederick leader would be strong enough to heat him is convention.

Boom for Vandiver. Then there was a boom for Chairman Vandiver, but it did not startle any of the coliticians by its vigor, and the same may be said of the boomlet for former State Controller Hering.

Former Governor Brown is admitted on all sides to be the strongest available man. but he does not want to go to Annapolis again. He covets a toga in the upper house of Congress at Washington. He is perfectly frank in this matter, and used the open-door policy in discussing the mat-ter, for he said: "It is my ambition to repstate in the United States ate, and if the democratic party thinks it is indebted to me, it can elect me to the Sen-ate. Desirous as I am to go to the Senate, I have a greater desire, and that desire is the success of the democratic party in Maryland. I do not want my personal am-bition to stand in the way of democratic

success." Tendered Support. "But we think you are the best man to lead the party in the coming campaign, as candidate for governor," said one enthusiastic admirer of the former governor. "Yes: I have been suggested as a candi-"Yes; I have been suggested as a candidate for governor," said Mr. Brown, "and many influential democrats have tendered me their support, for which I am grateful. I have been governor once, and I know what personal sacrifice the office demands. My advice to the democrats is to gather around a new man who can arouse enthusiasm and inspire confidence in the party."

"Then, you are not a candidate for governor?"

'No; because I do not want the place."

Gloomy Outlook. Representative Talbott and former Repesentative Miles are both after the senatorship, and former Governor Smith is said to be ready to take another try for the job. He has not forgotten the throwdown given him by the Gorman-Rasin ma-chine in 1904, and he thirsts for revenge Taken all in all, the situation looks mighty gloomy for the democrats from every point of view, and the failure to bring forth their pet disfranchisement measure has set many close observers of political events to thinking. Some incline to the events to thinking. Some incline to the belief that in order to have any chance at all of winning this fall the organization may find itself in the humiliating position of begging Gov. Warfield to reconsider his determination to retire and again head the state ticket. It may be that they will do this in order to make as sure as possible the capturing of the legislature, as two senatorships are at stake and the machine will swallow any pill, however bitter, to get a chance at these plums.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

CONFERENCE OF SCHOOL OF THE-OLOGY-OTHER MATTERS.

Theology of Howard University was held. eginning at 11:30 o'clock this morning, in the main building of the university. Rev. Shelton Miller, president of the alumni ssociation, presided. The exercises were opened with an address by President Thirkield. In addition

The alumni conference of the School of

to the forty or more members of the association there were present a large number of the students. "The Truths to Be Emchasized in Present-day Preaching to Our People" was the subject of addresses by Rev. S. G. Lambkins, and Rev. E. E. Ricks followed by an open discussion, in which many of the members participated. The alumni banquet was given in Miner Hall at 1:30 o'clock. Several of the members made brief addresses. Close of Teachers' College.

The graduating exercises of the teachers ollege of Howard University were held last evening in Rankin Memorial Chapel. The address to the graduating class was by Rev. Oliver Huckle, pastor of the Associated Congregational Courch of Baltimore. The speaker discussed "The Ideals of the Teacher." "There is a danger," he said, "of a teacher's work becoming narrow through too much working in grooves, too much devotion to routine work and petty fault-findings and corrections. Teachers must keep their ideals high, their visions clear and large, and their spirits enthusiastic if they are to grow in their work, Our ideal is to grow in teaching. Real education is not a mere acquiring of knowledge but a growth into complete living edge, but a growth into complete living, with a thousand varied interests enriching the life. Another ideal is to keep close to nature in methods.

"Still another ideal is to make real that history and literature are still vital, full of living interest and present power. This gives vital interest to study and work."

Diplomas Presented.

Saturday Star.

Attractions that make The Saturday Star the paper that every one in Washington finds he must read. Latest news, novel facts, telling fiction, sparkling fun for man, woman and child.

Notable Features: ROUSED EGYPT FROM

LETHARGY What Lord Cromer accomplished in the land of the Pharaohs, and what remains for

his successor to do. Illus-

LOVE AND REVENGE

trated.

A tragic story of the great southwest.

THE MARINE BALL The latest fad at Trouville.

the famous French watering place, as Sterling Heilig sees it. Illustrated. THE CITY OF THE AIR

Constantine, which is built on

a rock, 1,000 feet high. Illus-LOVE AND SCIENCE Unique census just complet-

ed which shows some curious

Africa's mighty roof garden.

facts not generally known. Illustrated.

FASHIONS IN FRANCE News from the motherland of novelties which charm all women.

BOB HAMPTON OF PLACER Randall Parrish's great

PALMER COX AND HIS BROWNIES Story of how the creator of

novel with the celebrated Cus-

ter raid is drawing to a cli-

the Brownes lives, and how he

conceived the idea of these humorous little creatures. LITTLE MEN AND

LITTLE WOMEN The children want this page.

know and do. Read The Saturday Star.

Orchestra of the university, under the direction of Charles E. Giles.

Kindergarten training class-Ethel K.

Beicher, Augusta, Ga.; Sarah Estella Frye, West Chester, Pa.; Ione R. Hutchins, New York city; Blanche E. Thomas, Pensacola, Fla.; M. Juantta Woodson, Memphis, Tenn.
Domestic arts—Blanche B. Kennerly,
Washington, D. C.,
Normal training course—Eloise Bibb, New
Orleans, La.; Eva G. Crutcher, Washington, D. C.; Wendell P. Smith, New York

The following is a list of graduates:

The class officers are: Ethel K. Belcher president; Ione R. Hutchins, vice president Eva G. Crutcher, secretary; Wendell I

The anniversary exercises of the School of Theology will be held at 8 o'clock this evening, when Rev, William C. Alexander will deliver an address.

DECORATION DAY OBSERVANCE. Address to Patriotic People by G. A. R. Officials.

A patriotic address to the people of the District of Columbia has been issued by Edward A. Keeler, patriotic instructor of George H. Thomas Post, No. 15, G. A. R., pearing upon the sacred ceremonies to be

bearing upon the sacred ceremonies to be held at Arlington and other cemeteries on Memorial day. Mr. Keeler says in part:

"The members of the Grand Army of the Republic deem it a duty to respectfully and earnestly invite the public to join with those who served in the great war and with the other patriotic organizations in doing proper honor to the patriots who have passed to their reward, where to them the words of Omar are realized—'Each morn a thousand roses brings.'

"Memorial day is nearly at hand, and it is believed that those who thoughtlessly pervert the scope of the anniversary, especially our younger friends, should have their attention directed to the lessons taught by the ceremonies incident to the day, and to ask them to join us in strewing flowers on the graves of those who did their duty in the dreary days when Old Glory was assaulted.

Glory was assaulted.

"The Grand Army would thank all its friends to give this reasonable request wide publicity in the Sunday schools, churches and other places of public assemblage. While we do not extend our hope for enough to embrace the belief that Memorial da will be wholly dedicated to its high purposes. We examently ask to its high purposes, we earnestly ask all who are in sympathy with the objects of the day to abstain from demonstrations that will discount the sacred memories that cluuster around the services of those that cluuster around the services of those whose graves we strew with flowers on this one day of the year which should be given over to the men that suffered that we might be a happy, prosperous nation.

"The purple hills that separate us from the valley of the shadow are crowded with our comrades, whose march toward the camp that is brightened by the light that is not on land or sea, is pathetically accelerated by the ravages of wounds, disease and age. We, who remain to guard the memory of the comrades who have marched away, a milion strong, may try in vain to pierce the shadows that hide them from our view. But the unbreakable cable of comradeship, intertwined with roses, reaches beyond and over it. Each able cable of comradeship, intertwined with roses, reaches beyond and over it. Each recurring Memorial day we send our mes-sages of love and comradeship, while our faith makes it possible to hear an ap-proval of our efforts to keep their day holy, sacred."

Railroad Firemen Fight Flames. Members of the Baltimore and Ohio fire department at Trinidad turned out last Wednesday afternoon, when a blaze occurred in rear of houses on 12th street portheast, and did effective work. It was due to the efforts of the firemen in question that the damage was not greater. The railroad men had the fire under control when the District engine companies reached the

While undergoing an operation at Providence Hospital today Mr. Preston B. Duff, a stenographer at the Department of State. died suddenly. Deceased was a son of Mrs. Clara C. Duff and the late Kennedy Duff. The diplomas were presented by President | Arrangements for the funeral are being

Preston B. Duff Dead.